Supreme Deluxe 900 Induction



User Guide

&

Installation & Service Instructions



U110464 - 01

Contents

1.	Before You Start	1	6.	٠
	Installation and Maintenance	1	7.	
	Peculiar Smells	1	7 •	
	Ventilation	1		
	Personal Safety	1		
	Hob Care	3		
	Cooker Care	3		
2.	Cooker Overview	4		
	The Hob	4		
	The Glide-out Grill	8		
	The Ovens	9		
	The Clock	12		
	Accessories	14		
	Oven Lights	14		
3.	Cooking Tips	15		
	Using Your Induction Cooker	15	•	
	Tips on Cooking with the Timer	15	8.	
	General Oven Tips	15		
4.	Cooking Table	16		
5.	Cleaning Your Cooker	17	9.	_
	Hob	17		
	Glide-out Grill	18		
	Control Panel and Doors	19		
	Ovens	19		
	Cleaning Table	20		

6.	Troubleshooting	21
7.	Installation	24
	Dear Installer	24
	Safety Requirements and Regulations	24
	Provision of Ventilation	24
	Location of Cooker	24
	Positioning the Cooker	25
	Moving the Cooker	25
	Repositioning the Cooker Following Connection	26
	Fitting the Handles	27
	Levelling	27
	Electrical Connection	28
	Final Checks	28
	Final Fitting	29
	Customer Care	29
8.	Circuit Diagrams	30
	Circuit Diagram: Hob	30
	Circuit Diagram: Oven	31
9.	Technical Data	32
	Hotplate Efficiency Data	33
	Oven Data	34



1. Before You Start...

Your cooker should give you many years of trouble-free cooking if installed and operated correctly. It is important that you read this section before you start, particularly if you have not used an induction cooker before.



CAUTION: This appliance is for cooking purposes only. It must not be used for other purposes, for example room heating. Using it for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim. Besides invalidating claims this wastes fuel and may overheat the control knobs.

Installation and Maintenance

All installations must be in accordance with the relevant instructions in this booklet, with the relevant national and local regulations, and with the local electricity supply companies' requirements.

Make sure that the cooker is correctly wired and switched on.

The hob control display will flash for about 2 seconds during first power setting - this is normal.

Set the clock to make sure that the ovens are functional see the relevant section in this manual.

It is recommended that this appliance is serviced annually.

Only a qualified service engineer should service the cooker, and only approved spare parts should be used.

Always allow the cooker to cool and then switch it off at the mains before cleaning or carrying out any maintenance work, unless specified otherwise in this guide.

Peculiar Smells

When you first use your cooker it may give off an odour. This should stop after use.

Before using your cooker for the first time, make sure that all packing materials have been removed and then, to dispel manufacturing odours, turn all the ovens to 200 °C and run for at least an hour.

Before using the grill for the first time you should also turn on the grill and run for 30 minutes with the grill pan in position, pushed fully back, and the grill door open.

Make sure the room is well ventilated to the outside air (see 'Ventilation'). People with respiratory or allergy problems should vacate the area for this brief period.

Ventilation



A CAUTION: The use of a cooking appliance results in the production of heat and moisture in the room in which it is installed. Therefore, make sure that the kitchen is well ventilated: keep natural ventilation holes open or install a powered cookerhood that vents outside. If you have several hotplates on, or use the cooker for a long time, open a window or turn on an extractor fan.

Personal Safety

Important information for pacemaker and implanted insulin pump users: The functions of this hob comply with the applicable European standards on electromagnetic interference. If you are fitted with a pacemaker or implanted insulin pump and are concerned please consult your doctor for medical advice.



A DO NOT modify this appliance.



This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.



WARNING: The appliance and its accessible parts become hot during use and will retain heat even after you have stopped cooking. Care should be taken to avoid touching heating elements. Children less than 8 years of age shall be kept away unless continuously supervised.



When the hob is in use keep magnetic items, such as credit and debit cards, floppy disk, calculators, etc. away.



A CAUTION: A long term cooking process has to be supervised from time to time. A short term cooking process has to be supervised continuously.



Danger of fire: DO NOT store items on the cooking surfaces.



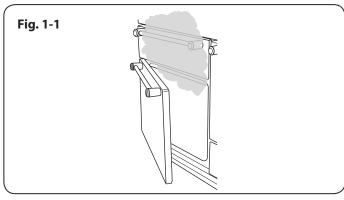
To avoid overheating, DO NOT install the cooker behind a decorative door.

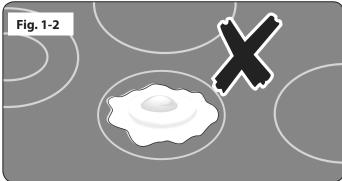


Accessible parts will become hot during use and will retain heat even after you have stopped cooking. Keep babies and children away from the cooker and never wear loose-fitting or hanging clothes when using the appliance.



DO NOT use a steam cleaner on your cooker.





Always be certain that the controls are in the OFF position when the oven is not in use, and before attempting to clean the cooker.



Take care when touching the marked cooking areas of the hob.



When the oven is on, DO NOT leave the oven door open for longer than necessary, otherwise the control knobs may become very hot.



When using the grill, make sure that the grill pan is in position and pushed fully in, otherwise the control knobs may become very hot.

Always keep combustible materials, e.g. curtains, and flammable liquids a safe distance away from your cooker.



DO NOT spray aerosols in the vicinity of the cooker while it is on.

Cooking high moisture content foods can create a 'steam burst' when an oven door is opened (Fig. 1-1). When opening an oven stand well back and allow any steam to disperse.

Use dry oven gloves when applicable – using damp gloves might result in steam burns when you touch a hot surface. Do not use a towel or other bulky cloth in place of a glove – it might catch fire if brought into contact with a hot surface.



▲ NEVER operate the cooker with wet hands.



DO NOT use aluminium foil to cover shelves, linings or the oven roof.



NEVER heat unopened food containers. Pressure build up may make the containers burst and cause injury.



DO NOT use unstable saucepans. Always make sure that you position the handles away from the edge of the hotplate.

Never leave the hotplate unattended at high heat settings. Pans boiling over can cause smoking, and greasy spills may catch on fire. Use a deep fat thermometer whenever possible to prevent fat overheating beyond the smoking point.



WARNING!

Unattended cooking on a hob with fat or oil can be dangerous and may result in fire.



NEVER leave a chip pan unattended. Always heat fat slowly, and watch as it heats. Deep fry pans should be only one third full of fat. Filling the pan too full of fat can cause spill over when food is added. If you use a combination of oils or fats in frying, stir them together before heating, or as the fats melt.

Foods for frying should be as dry as possible. Frost on frozen foods or moisture on fresh foods can cause hot fat to bubble up and over the sides of the pan. Carefully watch for spills or overheating of foods when frying at high or medium high temperatures. Never try to move a pan of hot fat, especially a deep fat fryer. Wait until the fat is cool.

Do not use the top of the flue (the slots along the back of the cooker) for warming plates, dishes, drying tea towels or softening butter.

DO NOT use water on grease fires and never pick up a flaming pan. Turn off the controls and then smother a flaming pan on a surface unit by covering the pan completely with a well fitting lid or baking tray. If available, use a multi-purpose dry chemical or foam-type fire extinguisher.

Take care that no water seeps into the appliance.



A This appliance is heavy so take care when moving it.

Hob Care



NEVER allow anyone to climb or stand on the hob.



NEVER cook directly on the hob surface (Fig. 1-2).



DO NOT use the hob surface as a cutting board.

DO NOT leave utensils, foodstuffs or combustible items on the hob when it is not is use (e.g. tea towels, frying pans containing oil).



DO NOT place plastic or aluminium foil, or plastic containers, on the hob.



DO NOT leave the hob zones switched on unless being used for cooking.

DO NOT stand or rest heavy objects on the hob. Although the ceramic surface is very strong, a sharp blow or sharp falling object (e.g. a salt cellar) might cause the surface to crack or break (Fig. 1-3).



Should a crack appear in the surface, disconnect the appliance immediately from the supply and arrange for its repair.

Always LIFT pans off the hob. Sliding pans may cause marks and scratches (Fig. 1-4). Always turn the control to the OFF position before removing a pan.



Take care when placing hot lids onto the hob surface. Lids that have been covering boiling or steaming foods can 'stick' to the ceramic glass. Should this occur, DO NOT attempt to lift the lid off the hotplate: this may damage the hob surface. Instead, carefully slide the lid to the edge of the hob surface and remove.

DO NOT place anything between the base of the pan and the hob surface (e.g. asbestos mats, aluminium foil, wok stand).



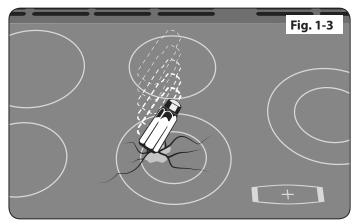
Take care NOT to place metallic objects such as knives, forks, spoons and lids on the hob surface since they can get hot.

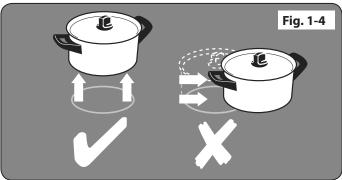


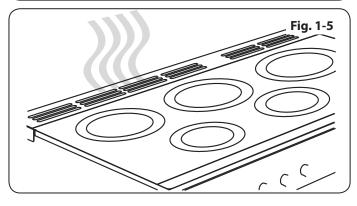
The appliance is not intended to be operated by means of external timer or separated remote-control system.

Cooker Care

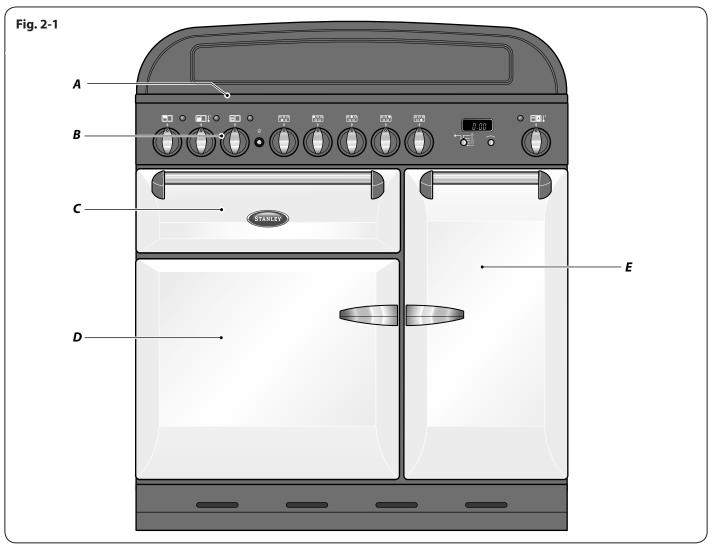
As steam can condense to water droplets on the cool outer trim of the oven, it may be necessary during cooking to wipe away any moisture with a soft cloth. This will also help to prevent soiling and discolouration of the oven exterior by cooking vapours (Fig. 1-5).

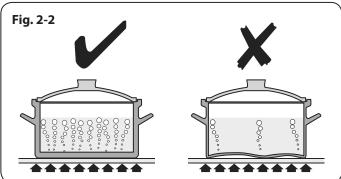


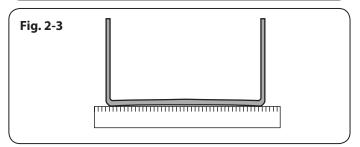




2. Cooker Overview







Your induction cooker (Fig. 2-1) has the following features:

- A. 5 induction cooking zones
- **B.** A control panel
- C. A glide-out grill
- **D.** A multi-function oven
- E. A tall fan oven

The Hob

Use only pans that are suitable for induction hobs. We recommend stainless steel, enamelled steel pans or cast iron pans with enamelled bases. Note that some stainless steel pans are not suitable for use with an induction hob so please check carefully before purchasing any cookware.

Pans made of copper, aluminium or ceramic are not suitable for use on an induction hob. The kind of pan you use and the quantity of food affects the setting required. Higher settings are required for larger quantities of food.

Pots and pans should have thick, smooth, flat bottoms (Fig. 2-2). This allows the maximum heat transfer from the hob to the pan, making cooking quick and energy efficient. Never use a round-bottomed wok, even with a stand.

The very best pans have bases that are very slightly curved up when cold (**Fig. 2-3**). If you hold a ruler across the bottom you will see a small gap in the middle. When they heat up the metal expands and lies flat on the cooking surface.

Make sure that the base of the pan is clean and dry to prevent any residue burning onto the hob panel. This also helps prevent scratches and deposits.



Take care when placing hot lids onto the hob surface. Lids that have been covering boiling or steaming foods can 'stick' to the ceramic glass. Should this occur, DO NOT attempt to lift the lid off the hotplate: this may damage the hob surface. Instead, carefully slide the lid to the edge of the hob surface and remove.

Always use pans that are the same size as (or slightly larger than) the areas marked on the hob. Using a lid will help the contents boil more quickly.



Always take care before touching the surface, even when the hob is turned off. It may be hotter than you think!

The induction hob comprises of five cooking zones containing induction elements with different ratings and diameters (**Fig. 2-4**) each with a pan detector and residual heat indicator, and a hob control display.

The hob control display (**Fig. 2-5**) informs you of the following induction hob functions:

Pan detector

H Residual heat indicator

Automatic heat-up

Child lock

L1/L2 Low temperature setting

P Power boost setting

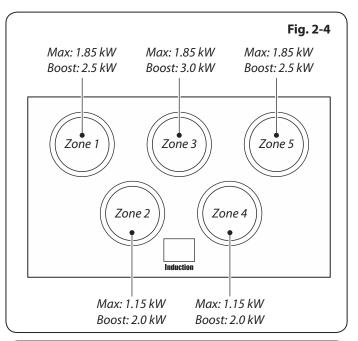
Pan Detector, $\underline{\underline{}}$

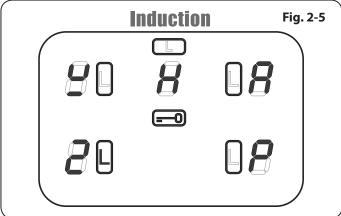
IMPORTANT: After use, switch off the hob element by its control and DO NOT RELY on the pan detector.

If a cooking area is switched on and there is no pan in place or if the pan is too small for the cooking area, then no heat will be generated. The symbol [½] will appear on the hob control display; this is the "pan-missing symbol". Place a pan of the correct size on the cooking area and the [½] symbol will disappear and cooking can begin. After 10 minutes without detecting a pan the cooking zone will switch off automatically.

Table 2.1 shows the minimum pan sizes recommended for each cooking zone.

Note: Using pans with a base diameter smaller than those recommended will result in a power reduction.



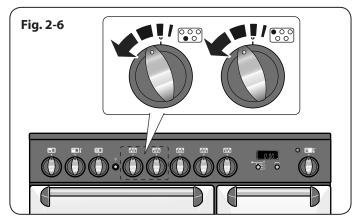


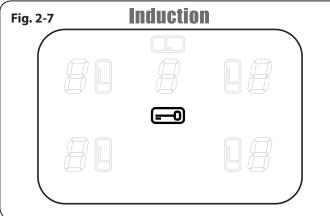
Cooking Zone	Minimum Pan Diameter (Pan Base) mm
Front left	140
Rear left	180
Centre	180
Rear right	180
Front right	140

Table 2.1

Power level	Automatic heat-up time at 100% (min:sec)
1	0:48
2	2:24
3	3:50
4	5:12
5	6:48
6	2:00
7	2:48
8	3:36
9	

Table 2.2





Residual Heat Indicator, H

After use, a cooking zone will remain hot for a while as heat dissipates. When a cooking zone is switched off the residual heat indicator symbol [H], will appear in the display. This shows that the cooking zone temperature is above $60\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ and may still cause burns. Once the temperature has dropped to below $60\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ the [H] will go out.

Automatic Heat-up, 8

This function is available on all of the cooking zones. It allows rapid heating up of the element to bring the selected cooking zone up to temperature.

The function is selected by turning the control knob to the 'A' position. Turn the control knob momentarily counter-clockwise from the zero position until the symbol [R] is shown on the hob control display.

Once the [R] is displayed, turn the control knob to the level of your choice (1 to 9). The pan will heat up at 100% power for a specified time before the power is reduced to the level selected.

When the Automatic Heat-up function is activated, the hob control display will flash alternately between the [#] setting and the chosen power level.

Once the Automatic Heat-up time has ended the hob display will stop flashing and will show the chosen power level.

The Automatic Heat-up function can be stopped by either turning the control knob back to the "0" power setting or turning the control knob to the "9" power setting.

For your guidance **Table 2.2** shows the time available at 100% power depending on the power level selected in the Automatic Heat-up mode.

Child Lock, 🖃

IMPORTANT: The child lock can only be activated when all the cooking zones are switched off.

To prevent the unwanted use by children, the hob can be locked.

To lock the hob, simultaneously turn the two left-hand controls counter-clockwise (Fig. 2-6) and hold until the symbol appears in the centre of the hob control display (Fig. 2-7).

Note: [*R*] will flash when locking the hob – this is normal.

Locking the hob will NOT affect the oven; it can still be used.

To unlock the hob, simultaneously turn the two left-hand controls counter-clockwise and hold until the symbol disappears from the centre of the hob control display.

Low Temperature Setting, L1/L2



This function should only be used when heating

Each cooking area is equipped with 2 low temperature settings:

- L1 will maintain a temperature of about 40 °C ideal for gently melting butter or chocolate.
- L2 will maintain a temperature of about 90 °C − ideal for simmering (bring the pan to the boil and then select L2 to keep soups, sauces, stews, etc at an optimal simmer).

The maximum time this setting can be used is 2 hours. To increase the heat, just turn the control knob to the required level.

Power Boost Setting, P

All of the induction cooking zones have Power Boost available, activated by turning the control knob clockwise until [P] is shown on the hob control display.

Power Boost allows additional power to be made available for each of the cooking zones. This is useful to bring a large pan of water to the boil quickly.

The Power Boost function operates for a maximum of 10 minutes on each zone, after which the power is automatically reduced to setting 9.

When using the Power Boost function, the cooking zones are linked.

Fig. 2-8 shows the hob layout. Zones A and B are linked together as are zones C, D and E.

This means that when using zone A on Power Boost and then switching zone B to Power Boost, the power to zone A will reduce slightly. The last zone switched to power boost always takes priority. Zones C, D and E work in the same way.



A This is a built-in safety device.

Deactivate the Power Boost function by turning the control knob to a lower setting.

Overheat Function

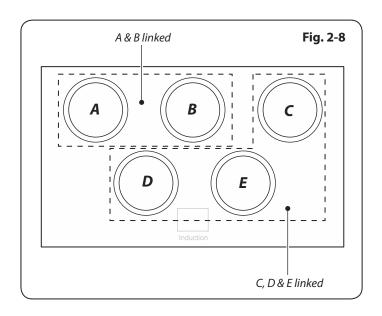
This function identifies when the temperature of the pan rises rapidly and works to maintain a safe level of pan temperature. It should not interfere with normal cooking.

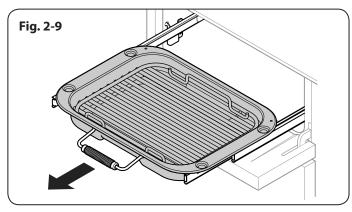
Cookware with bases that become distorted (Fig.2-2) when heated may interfere with the operation of the Overheat Function. This may result in damage to your cookware or Induction Glass Hob.

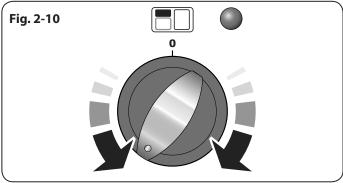


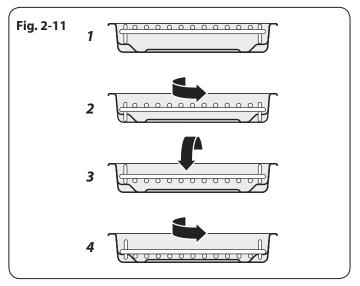
Please remember not to leave the hob unattended. Care should be taken to not allow your cookware to boil dry. Damage to your cookware and Induction Glass Hob may result.

Please read and follow the manufacturers' instructions carefully before using cookware on your induction hob.









The Glide-out Grill

A CAUTION: This appliance is for cooking purposes only. It must not be used for other purposes, for example room heating.



CAUTION: Accessible parts may be hot when the grill is in use. Young children should be kept away.

Open the door and pull the grill pan carriage forward using the handle (Fig. 2-9).

The grill has two elements that allow either the whole area of the pan to be heated or just the right-hand half.

To heat the whole grill, turn the knob clockwise (Fig. 2-10).

To heat the right-hand half, turn the knob counter-clockwise. The neon indicator light by the grill control will come on.

For best results, slide the carriage back into the grill chamber and preheat the appropriate part(s) of the grill for two minutes. The grill trivet can be removed and the food placed on it while you are waiting for the grill to preheat.



DO NOT leave the grill on for more than a few moments without the grill pan underneath it, otherwise the knobs may become hot.

Once the grill has preheated, slide the carriage out again. With the trivet back in place with the food on it, slide the carriage back into the grill chamber. Make sure that it is pushed right in.

The grill pan trivet can be set to four different grilling heights by a combination of turning it back to front and turning it upside down (Fig. 2-11).



NEVER close the grill door when the grill is on.

The Ovens

The clock must be set to the time of day before the lefthand oven will work. See the following section on 'The Clock' for instructions on setting the time of day.

References to 'left-hand' and 'right-hand' ovens apply as viewed from the front of the appliance.

The left-hand oven is a multi-function oven, while the right-hand tall oven is a fan oven.

The Multi-function Oven

As well as the oven fan and fan element, multi-function ovens are fitted with two extra heating elements, one visible in the top of the oven and the second under the oven base. Take care to avoid touching the top element and element deflector when placing or removing items from the ovens.

The multi-function oven has 3 main cooking functions: **fan**, **fan assisted** and **conventional cooking**. These functions should be used to complete most of your cooking.

The **browning element** and **base heat** can be used in the latter part of the cooking process to fine tune the results to your particular requirements.

Use **fanned grilling** for all your grilling needs and **defrost** to safely thaw small items of frozen food.

Table 2-3 gives a summary of the multi-function modes.

The multi-function ovens have many varied uses. We suggest you keep a careful eye on your cooking until you are familiar with each function. Remember – not all functions will be suitable for all food types.

Multi-function Oven FunctionsRapid Response



The Rapid Response setting enables you to preheat the oven faster than normal. It uses the fan oven element with additional heat from one of the

elements in the top of the oven. Fan ovens heat up quickly; but the Rapid Response feature speeds this process up enabling you to start cooking sooner.

To use the Rapid Response feature, turn the function control knob to **R** and set the temperature required. The light on the control panel next to the function control will come on.

When the required temperature is reached the top element will switch off and the light will go out.

The oven temperature is then maintained by the fan oven element and fan.

Should you choose to place food into the cold oven prior to cooking while using the Rapid Response function, make sure that cakes, etc. are not positioned too near the top of the oven.

Function	Use
Rapid response	To preheat the oven faster than normal
Defrost	To thaw small items in the oven without heat
Fan oven	A full cooking function, even heat throughout, great for baking
Fanned grilling	Grilling meat and fish with the door closed
Fan assisted	A full cooking function good for roasting and baking
Conventional oven	A full cooking function for roasting and baking in the lower half of the oven
Browning element	To brown and crisp cheese topped dishes
Base heat	To crisp up the bases of quiche, pizza or pastry

Table 2.3

Fan Oven



This function operates the fan and the heating element around it. An even heat is produced throughout the oven, allowing you to cook large

amounts quickly.

Fan oven cooking is particularly suitable for baking on several shelves at one time and is a good 'all-round' function. It may be necessary to reduce the temperature by approximately 10 °C for recipes previously cooked in a conventional oven.

If you wish to preheat the oven, wait until the indicator light has gone out before inserting the food.

Fanned Grilling



This function operates the fan while the top element is on. It produces a more even, less fierce heat than a conventional grill. For best results, place the food to

be grilled, on a grid over a roasting tin, which should be smaller than a conventional grill pan. This allows greater air circulation. Thick pieces of meat or fish are ideal for grilling in this way, as the circulated air reduces the fierceness of the heat from the grill.

The oven door should be kept closed while grilling is in progress, so saving energy. You will also find that the food needs to be watched and turned less than for normal grilling. Preheat this function before cooking.

For best results we recommend that the grill pan is not located on the uppermost shelf.

Fan Assisted Oven



This function operates the fan, circulating air heated by the elements at the top and the base of the oven. The combination of fan and conventional cooking

(top and base heat) makes this function ideal for cooking large items that need thorough cooking, such as a large meat roast.

It is also possible to bake on two shelves at one time, although they will need to be swapped over during the cooking time, as the heat at the top of the oven is greater than at the base, when using this function.

This is a fast intensive form of cooking; keep an eye on the food cooking until you have become accustomed to this function.

Conventional Oven (Top and Base Heat)



This function combines the heat from the top and base elements. It is particularly suitable for roasting and baking pastry, cakes and biscuits.

Food cooked on the top shelf will brown and crisp faster than on the lower shelf, because the heat is greater at the top of the oven than at the base, as in 'Fan Assisted Oven' function. Similar items being cooked will need to be swapped around for even cooking. This means that foods requiring different temperatures can be cooked together, using the cooler zone in the lower half of the oven and hotter area to the top.

The exposed top element may cook some foods too quickly, so we recommend that the food be positioned in the lower half of the oven to cook. The oven temperature may also need to be lowered.

Browning Element

This function uses the element in the top of the oven only. It is a useful function for the browning or finishing of pasta dishes, vegetables in sauce, shepherds pie and lasagne, the item to be browned being already hot before switching to the top element.

Base Heat

This function uses the base element only. It will crisp up your pizza or quiche base or finish off cooking the base of a pastry case on a lower shelf. It is also a gentle heat, good for slow cooking of casseroles in the middle of the oven or for plate warming.

The Browning and Base Heat functions are useful additions to your oven, giving you flexibility to finish off items to perfection.

Defrost



This function operates the fan to circulate cold air only. Make sure the temperature control is at 0°C and that no heat is applied. This enables small items such

as desserts, cream cakes and pieces of meat, fish and poultry to be defrosted.

Defrosting in this way speeds up the process and protects the food from flies. Pieces of meat, fish and poultry should be placed on a shelf, over a tray to catch any drips. Be sure to wash the shelf and tray after defrosting.

Defrost with the oven door closed.

Large items, such as whole chickens and joints should not be defrosted in this way. We recommend this be carried out in a refrigerator.

Defrosting should not be carried out in a warm oven or when an adjoining oven is in use or still warm.

Make sure that dairy foods, meat and poultry are completely defrosted before cooking.

The Fan Oven

The right-hand oven is a fan oven that circulates hot air continuously, which means faster, more even cooking.

The recommended cooking temperatures for a fan oven are generally lower than a conventional oven.

Note: Please remember that all cookers vary so temperatures in your new ovens may differ to those in your previous cooker.

Operating the Ovens

Fan Oven

Turn the oven knob to the desired temperature (Fig. 2-12).

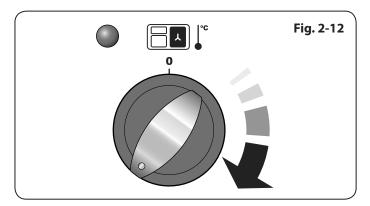
The oven indicator light will glow until the oven has reached the temperature selected. It will then cycle on and off during cooking.

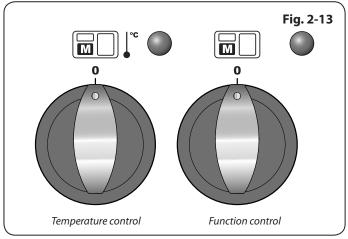
Multi-function Oven

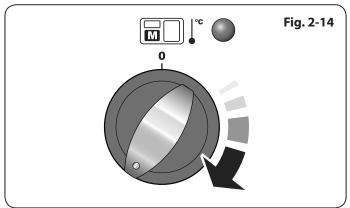
The multi-function oven has two controls: a function selector and a temperature setting knob (Fig. 2-13).

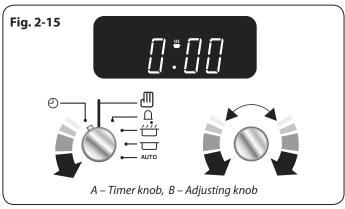
Turn the function selector control to a cooking function. Turn the oven temperature knob to the temperature required (Fig. 2-14).

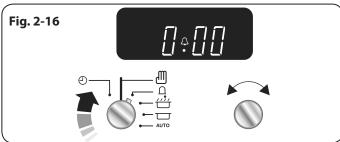
The oven heating light will glow until the oven has reached the temperature you selected. It will then cycle on and off during cooking.



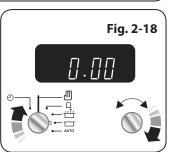




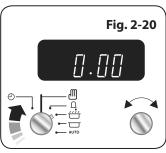
















The Clock

Setting the Time of Day

The 2-knob LCD clock is shown in **(Fig. 2-15)**. When the clock is first connected, the display flashes (0.00) and (alternately.

To set the time, turn and hold the Timer knob to the clock symbol [②], and at the same time, turn the Adjusting knob left or right, until the clock shows the time of day. Remember this is a 24-hour clock. Let go of the Timer knob and it will spring back to the vertical, oven manual setting.

IMPORTANT: The left-hand oven will not operate unless the clock has been set.

Setting the Minute Minder

To activate the minute minder turn the Timer knob to the right to select the minute minder setting $[\c Q]$ – it should click into position (Fig. 2-16).

Rotate the Adjusting knob to set the time required (**Fig. 2-17**).

You can either turn the knob back to the vertical manual setting [\blacksquare] to keep an eye on the time of day, or leave it in the [\square] minute minder position as the time ticks down.

To stop the beeper when it sounds, turn the Adjusting knob counter-clockwise.

- The 'cook period', which is the length of time you want the oven to cook for.
- The 'stop time', which is the time of day you want the oven to stop cooking.

To Stop the Oven at a Specific Time of Day

Turn the Timer knob to the $[_]$ position (**Fig. 2-18**).

Use the Adjusting knob to set the 'stop time'. You can set the oven to turn on at any time over the following 24-hour period. AUTO shows in the display (Fig. 2-19).

Turn the Timer knob to the bottom 'AUTO' setting to return to the clock display.

Once the 'stop time' is reached, the beeper sounds. Turn the Timer knob to the vertical [#] to return to manual cooking.

To Start and Then Stop the Oven Using the Timer

You cannot set a start time directly – this is set automatically by a combination of the 'cook time' and 'stop time'.

Turn the Timer knob to the $[\underline{\mbox{"}}]$ position (**Fig. 2-20**).

Turn the Adjusting knob to set the 'cooking time' you need (Fig. 2-21).

Turn the Timer knob to the $[\ \]$ position. The display will show the current time of day plus the *'cook time'* you just set. Use the Adjusting knob to set the *'stop time'* required **(Fig. 2-22)**.

The 'stop time' is displayed, followed by 'AUTO'. Set the oven to the cooking temperature you need. Turn the Timer knob to the 'Auto' setting.

When your cooking is finished, the beeper sounds. Turn the Timer knob to the vertical [側] to return to manual cooking.

If you are out, do not worry about the beeper going off – it stops on its own after a while. When you return, turn the Timer knob to the vertical [(41)] to return to manual cooking.

AUTO is Showing, But You Want to Revert to Manual Cooking

You can cancel any automatic settings by briefly turning the Timer knob to the clock symbol $[\bigcirc]$ and then releasing it.

Key Lock

When the key lock is activated the left-hand oven is locked and will not come on.

The right-hand oven can be operated as usual.

To Activate the Key Lock

Make sure that the clock is in manual mode and cancel any active programs.

Turn and hold the Timer knob to the clock symbol [②] for about 8 seconds. 'On' appears on the display (Fig. 2-23).

While still holding the Timer knob turned to the clock symbol [①], turn the Adjusting knob clockwise until the key symbol [↑] and 'OF' shows on the display **(Fig. 2-24)**. Release the knobs.

The left-hand oven is now locked, as is confirmed by the display showing the time of day alongside the key symbol $[^{\circ}]$.

When the key lock is activated, the left-hand oven is locked and will not come on (Fig. 2-25).

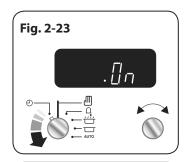
To Turn Off the Key Lock

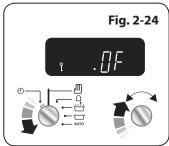
Turn and hold the Timer knob to the clock symbol [-] for about 8 seconds. 'OF' will appear on the display **(Fig. 2-26)**.

While still holding the Timer knob turned to the clock symbol [②], turn the Adjusting knob clockwise until the key symbol [Ŷ] goes out on the display and 'On' shows (Fig. 2-27). Let go of the knobs.

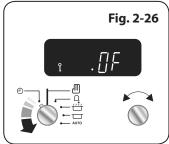
After a few seconds, the display reverts to showing the time of day.

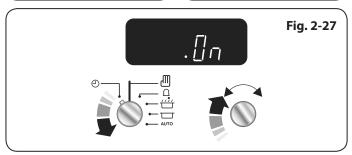
The oven can now be used normally.

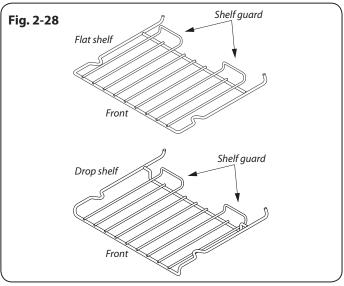


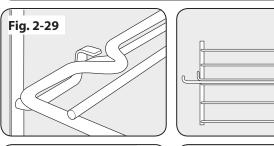


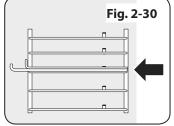


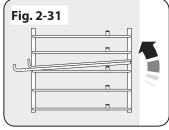


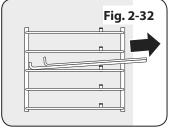


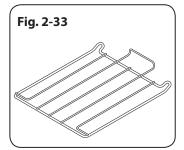


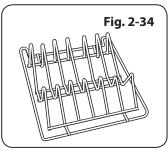


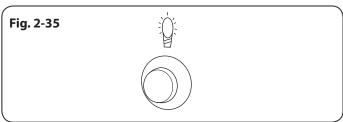












Accessories

Oven Shelves

In addition to the flat shelves, your cooker is supplied with a drop shelf (Fig. 2-28). The drop shelf increases the possibilities for oven shelf spacing.

Removing and Refitting the Oven Shelves

The shelf has a small kink on either side (Fig. 2-29). To remove the shelf, line these up with the stops in the shelf support (Fig. 2-30). Lift the shelf upwards so that it will pass over the shelf stop (Fig. 2-31) and then pull it forwards (Fig. 2-32).

Refit in the reverse order, making sure to push it fully back.

Oven Shelves - Right-hand (Tall) Oven

The tall oven is supplied with four flat cooking shelves (Fig. 2-33) and a plate warming shelf (Fig. 2-34).

When using the tall oven, you can cook on all four shelves at the same time, but make sure that they are well spaced out to allow the hot air to circulate.

Oven Lights

Press the button to turn the light on (Fig. 2-35).

If the oven light fails, turn off the power supply before changing the bulb. See the 'Troubleshooting' section for details on how to change the bulb.

3. Cooking Tips

Using Your Induction Cooker

If you have not used an induction cooker before please be aware of the following:

- Make sure that the pans you have or buy are suitable for use on the induction hob. Stainless steel, enamelled steel or cast iron is ideal. Double check before you buy pans – they must have bases that would attract a magnet.
- Allow time to get used to induction cooking; it is fast and powerful as well as being gentle. When simmering, you may notice that liquids appear to stop bubbling and then start again almost immediately. This is perfectly normal.
- You may notice a faint vibrating sound coming from the pans when using the induction hob. Again, this is perfectly normal and will depend upon the type and style of pans you are using.
- The induction heating elements will phase on and off when cooking. Although an active cooking zone may appear to switch on and off, a constant heat is still being supplied to the base of the pan – this is completely normal.

Tips on Cooking with the Timer

If you want to cook more than one dish, choose dishes that require approximately the same cooking time. However, dishes can be 'slowed down' slightly by using small containers and covering them with aluminium foil, or 'speeded up' slightly by cooking smaller quantities or placing them in larger containers.

Very perishable foods such as pork or fish should be avoided if a long delay period is planned, especially in hot weather.

A DO NOT place warm food in the oven to be timed.



DO NOT use a timed oven that is already warm.



DO NOT use the timed oven if the adjoining oven is already warm.

Whole poultry must be thoroughly defrosted before being placed in the oven. Check that meat and poultry are fully cooked before serving.

General Oven Tips

The wire shelves should always be pushed firmly to the back of the oven.

Baking trays with food cooking on them should be placed level with the front edge of the oven's wire shelves. Other containers should be placed centrally. Keep all trays and containers away from the back of the oven, as overbrowning of the food may occur.

For even browning, the maximum recommended size of a baking tray is 340 mm (13½") by 340 mm (13½") in the main oven and 232 mm $(9^{1}/8'')$ and 321 mm $(12^{5}/8'')$ in the tall oven.

When the oven is on, do not leave the door open for longer than necessary, otherwise the knobs may get very hot.

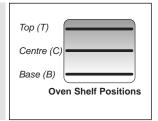
- Always leave a "finger's width" between dishes on the same shelf. This allows the heat to circulate freely around them.
- To reduce fat splashing when you add vegetables to hot fat around a roast, dry them thoroughly or brush lightly with cooking oil.
- Where dishes may boil and spill over during cooking, place them on a baking tray.
- The 'Cook & Clean' oven liners (see 'Cleaning Your Cooker') work better when fat splashes are avoided. Cover meat when cooking.
- Sufficient heat rises out of the oven while cooking to warm plates in the grill compartment.
- If you want to brown the base of a pastry dish, preheat the baking tray for 15 minutes before placing the dish in the centre of the tray.

4. Cooking Table

The oven control settings and cooking times given in the table below are intended to be used **AS A GUIDE ONLY**. Individual tastes may require the temperature to be altered to provide a preferred result.

Food is cooked at lower temperature in a fan oven than in a conventional oven. When using recipes, reduce the fan oven temperature by $10\,^{\circ}$ C and the cooking time by 5-10 minutes. The temperature in the fan oven does not vary with height in the oven so you can use any shelf.

Conventional Oven Fan Oven



T-	Ton:	C-	Centre:	R-	Rase
- 1	IUU,	_	Cerrue,	ν	Duse

	Temperature °C	Temperature		1 Top, C Centre, b base
Food	(Shelf Position)	°C	Approximate Cooking Time	
Meat				
Beef (no bone)	160 (C)	150	30-35 minutes per 500g +30-35 minutes.	Thoroughly thaw frozen joints before
	200 (C)	190	20-25 minutes per 500g +20-25 minutes.	cooking. Meat may be roasted at 220°C (210°C for fan oven) and the
Lamb	160 (C)	150	30-35 minutes per 500g +30-35 minutes.	cooking time adjusted accordingly.
	200 (C)	190	25-30 minutes per 500g +25-30 minutes.	For stuffed and rolled meats, add
Pork	160 (C)	150	35-40 minutes per 500g +35-40 minutes.	approximately 10 minutes per 500g, or cook at 200°C (190°C) for 20
	200 (C)	190	25-30 minutes per 500g +25-30 minutes.	minutes then 160°C (150°C) for the
Poultry				remainder.
Chicken	160 (C)	150	20-25 minutes per 500g +20-25 minutes.	For stuffed poultry, you could cook
	200 (C)	190	15-20 minutes per 500g +15-20 minutes.	at 200°C (190°C) for 20 minutes
Turkey	160 (C)	150	20 minutes per 500g +20 minutes.	then 160°C (150°C) for remainder. Do not forget to include the weight
	200 (C)	190	15 minutes per 500g +15 minutes.	of the stuffing.
Duck	160 (C)	150	25-30 minutes per 500g.	For fresh or frozen prepacked poultry, follow instructions on the
	200 (C)	190	20 minutes per 500g.	pack. Thoroughly thaw frozen
Casserole	140-150 (C)	130-140	2-4 hours according to recipe.	poultry before cooking.
Yorkshire Pudding	220 (C)	210	Large tins 30-35 minutes; individual 10-2	0 minutes.
Cake				
Very rich fruit - Christmas,	140 (C/B)	130	45-50 minutes per 500g of mixture.	_ Using the conventional oven: when
wedding, etc.				two tier cooking leave at least one
Fruit 180 mm tin	_150 (C/B)	140	2-21/2 hours.	runner space between shelves.
Fruit 230 mm tin	150 (C/B)	140	Up to 3½ hours.	Position the baking tray with the front edge along the front of the
Madeira 180 mm	160 (C/B)	150	80-90 minutes.	oven shelf.
Small cakes	170 (C/B)	160	15-25 minutes.	
Scones	200 (C/B)	190	10-15 minutes.	
Victoria sandwich				
180 mm tin	170 (C/B)	160	20-30 minutes.	
210 mm tin	170 (C/B)	160	30-40 minutes.	Up to three tiers can be cooked in a
Desserts				fan oven at the same time but make sure to leave at least one runner
Shortcrust tarts	200 (C/B)	190	20-30 minutes on a preheated tray.	space between each shelf being
Fruit pies	180 (C/B)	170	35-45 minutes.	cooked on.
Tartlets	180 (C/B)	170	10-20 minutes according to size.	
Puff pastry	210 (C/B)	200	20-40 minutes according to size.	
Meringues	100 (C/B)	90	2-3 hours.	Using the conventional oven: for
Baked egg custard	160 (C/B)	150	45-60 minutes.	even browning the maximum size ofbaking tray recommended is 340 mn
Baked sponge pudding	180 (C/B)	170	40-45 minutes.	 — baking tray recommended is 340 mm x 340 mm. This ensures free heat
Milk pudding	140-150 (C/B)	130-140	2 to 3 hours.	circulation.
Bread	210 (C)	200	20-30 minutes.	If cooking a two tier load, the trays - should be interchanged
Fish	Fanned Grilling			approximately halfway though the
Fillet	190 (C/B)	190 (C/B)	15-20 minutes.	cooking time.
Whole	190 (C/B)	190 (C/B)	15-20 minutes per 500g.	
Steak	190 (C/B)	190 (C/B)	Steaks according to thickness.	

5. Cleaning Your Cooker

Isolate the electricity supply before carrying out any major cleaning. Allow the cooker to cool.



NEVER use paint solvents, washing soda, caustic cleaners, biological powders, bleach, chlorine based bleach cleaners, coarse abrasives or salt.



DO NOT mix different cleaning products – they may react together with hazardous results.

All parts of the cooker can be cleaned with hot soapy water – but take care that no surplus water seeps into the appliance.

Remember to switch the electricity supply back on and reset the clock before reusing the cooker.



Hob

Daily Care

First of all make sure that all heat indicator lights are off and that the cooking surface is cool. Apply a small dab of ceramic cleaning cream in the centre of each area to be cleaned. Dampen a clean paper towel and work the cream onto the cooking surface. As a final step, wipe the cooking surface with a clean, dry paper towel.

Cleaning Spills

For spills and boil-overs that occur while cooking, turn the unit off and wipe the area surrounding the hot zone with a clean paper towel. If a spill (other than a sugary substance) is on the hot zone, do not clean until the unit has completely cooled down, and then follow the instructions below ('Cleaning Burned-on Spills').

If you accidentally melt anything on the surface, or if you spill foods with a high sugar content (preserves, tomato sauce, fruit juice, etc.), remove the spill IMMEDIATELY with a razor scraper, while the unit is still hot.

IMPORTANT: Use an oven glove to protect your hand from potential burns.

Scrape the major spill or melted material from the cooking zone and push into a cold area. Then, turn the unit 'OFF' and allow it to cool before cleaning further. After the cooking surface cools down and the heat indicator lights go off, follow the 'Daily Care' procedure outlined above.

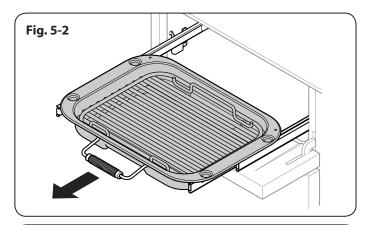
Cleaning Burned-on Spills

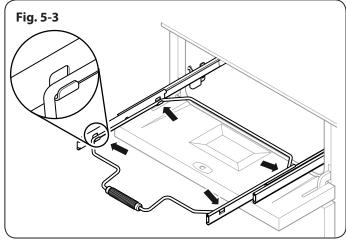
Make sure that the heat indicator lights are off and that the hob is cool. Remove the excess burned-on substance with a single-edged razor scraper. Hold the scraper at an angle of about 30° to the surface and then scrape off the burned-on matter (Fig. 5-1).

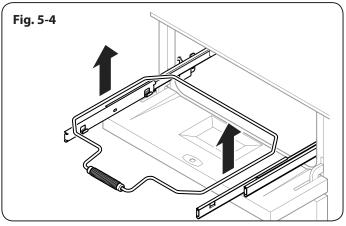
Once you have removed as much as possible with the scraper, follow the 'Daily Care' procedure outlined above.

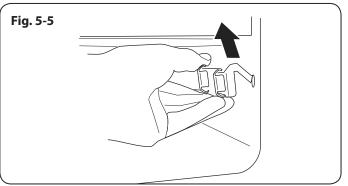


Fig. 5-1









Glide-out Grill

A

Before you remove any of the grill parts for cleaning, make sure that they are cool, or use oven gloves.

The grill pan and trivet should be washed in hot soapy water. Alternatively, the grill pan can be washed in a dishwasher.

After grilling meats or any foods that soil, leave to soak for a few minutes in the sink immediately after use. Stubborn particles may be removed from the trivet by using a nylon brush.

The grill pan can be easily removed for cleaning as follows:

Remove the grill pan support frame by pulling the grill pan forward (Fig. 5-2).

Lift the grill pan clear of the support frame. The support frame is held to the side rails by two clips on each side (Fig. 5-3).

For each side, support the side rail with one hand and with the other hand lift the frame up and out of the side clips (**Fig. 5-4**).

For safety, push the side rails back into the grill chamber.

If you need to remove the side rails to allow cleaning of the grill chamber, you can unhook them from the grill chamber sides (**Fig. 5-5**) and wipe the sides clean with a soft cloth and mild detergent.

DO NOT put the side runners in a dishwasher.

Once you have finished, hook the side rails back onto the sides of the chamber. To refit the frame, pull the side rails forward and, for each side in turn, support the side rail and press the frame down into the side rails.

Replace the grill pan.

Control Panel and Doors

Avoid using any abrasive cleaners including cream cleaners. For best results, use a liquid detergent.

The same cleaner can also be used on the doors, or alternatively, using a soft cloth wrung out in clean hot soapy water – but take care that no surplus water seeps into the appliance.

After cleaning, polish with a dry cloth.

Ovens

'Cook & Clean' Panels

The ovens have side panels which have been coated with a special enamel that partly cleans itself. This does not stop all marks on the lining, but helps to reduce the amount of manual cleaning needed.

The 'Cook & Clean' panels work better above 200 °C. If you do most of your cooking below this temperature, occasionally remove the panels and wipe with a lint free cloth and hot soapy water. The panels should then be dried and replaced and the oven heated at 200 °C for about one hour. This will make sure the 'Cook & Clean' panels are working effectively.

Do not use steel wool, oven cleaning pads, or any other materials that will scratch the surface.

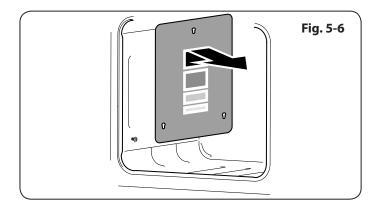
Removing the Side Oven Linings

Some of the lining panels can be removed for cleaning.

If you wish to clean the enamel interior of the oven, you will need to remove the shelves before removing the 'Cook & Clean' panels. To remove the side panels, simply lift the panel and slide forwards (Fig.5-6).

Once the panels have been removed, the oven enamel interior can be cleaned.

Refit in the reverse order.



Cleaning Table

Cleaners listed **(Table 5.1)** are available from supermarkets or electrical retailers as stated.

For enamelled surfaces use a cleaner that is approved for use on vitreous enamel.

Regular cleaning is recommended. For easier cleaning, wipe up any spillages immediately.

Hotplate		
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
Hob top	Enamel or stainless steel	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Any stubborn stains remove gently with a nylon scourer.
Ceramic/Induction hob	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water; cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Griddle plate (some models only)	Non-stick surface	Allow to cool. Wash in hot soapy water. Do not use abrasive cleaners/scourers. Dishwasher.
Warming zone (some models only)	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water, cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Outside of Cooker		
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
Door, door surround and storage	Enamel or paint	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Any stubborn stains, remove gently with a liquid detergent.
drawer exterior	Stainless steel	E-cloth (electrical retailers) or microfibre all-purpose cloth (supermarket).
Sides and plinth	Painted surface	Hot soapy water, soft cloth.
Splashback/rear grille	Enamel or stainless steel	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Cream cleaner, with care, if necessary.
Control panel	Paint, enamel or stainless steel	Warm soapy water. Do not use abrasive cleaners on lettering.
Control knobs/handles & trims	Plastic/chrome, copper or lacquered brass	Warm soapy water, soft cloth.
	Brass	Brass polish.
Oven door glass/Glass lid (some models only)	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water, cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Oven and Grill		
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
Sides, floor & roof of oven NOT COOK & CLEAN OVEN PANELS (see below)	Enamel	Any proprietary oven cleaner that is suitable for enamel. CAUTION: CORROSIVE/CAUSTIC OVEN CLEANERS: FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. Do not allow contact with the oven elements.
Cook & Clean oven panels (some models only)	Special enamel that partly cleans itself	This surface cleans itself at 200 °C and above, or the panels can be removed and washed with hot soapy water and a nylon brush.
Oven shelves, Handyrack, Grill trivet, Handygrill rack (some models only)	Chrome	An oven interior cleaner that is suitable for chrome. Soap filled pad. Dishwasher.
Grill Pan/Meat Tin (some models only)	Enamel	Hot soapy water. Soap filled pad. Dishwasher.

Table 5.1

6. Troubleshooting



Interference with and repairs to the hob MUST NOT be carried out by unqualified persons. Do not try to repair the hob as this may result in injury and damage to the hob. Please arrange for repair by a suitably competent person.

Note: The induction hob is able to self-diagnose a number of problems and can show this information to the user via the hob control display. Error codes may be displayed if your hob has developed a fault.

If you appliance reports an error or is not working, you may be able to correct the fault by consulting the following.

Error code E2 is displayed

The electronic unit is too hot. Please check the installation of the cooker, making sure that there is sufficient ventilation. In extreme cases, if a cooking utensil has been allowed to boil dry this error code may also be displayed. If in doubt please contact your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

No display operation

Over voltage or loss of supply voltage to the cooker. If in doubt please contact your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

Error code U400 is displayed

The cooker has been incorrectly connected. The control will switch off after approximately 1 second and the error code will be permanently displayed.

Consult your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

Error code Er followed by a number is displayed

The appliance has developed an internal technical fault that cannot be rectified by the user.

Consult your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

The fuse blows or the RCD trips regularly

Please contact your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

The cooker will not switch on

Has the wiring system in the house blown a fuse or tripped an RCD?

Has the cooker been correctly connected to the mains supply?

Has the child lock been activated? Please refer to the child lock section for details of this function.

The induction hob is noisy

When using the induction hob there may be some 'noise' emitted from the pan. This is normal and may be most noticeable when cooking on high power settings or if 5 pans are used simultaneously. The type of pan may also contribute to induction 'noise'.

The cooling fan

The induction hob incorporates a cooling fan. This cooling fan is active when either the grill or ovens are on. Under certain conditions, the cooling fan may remain active when the grill or ovens are switched off. This is normal and the fan will switch off automatically.

The fascia gets hot when I use the oven

If the fascia becomes excessively hot when the cooker is in use then the cooling fan may have failed. Should this occur please contact your installer, a qualified repair engineer or Customer Service to arrange for its repair.

A crack has appeared in the hob surface

Disconnect the cooker immediately from the power supply and arrange for its repair. Do not use the cooker until after the repair.

My hob is scratched

Always use the cleaning methods recommended in this guide, and make sure that the pan bottoms are smooth and clean.

Marks from mineral deposits from water or food can be removed with a cleaning cream. However, tiny scratches are not removable but will become less visible in time as a result of cleaning.

The oven fan is noisy

The note of the oven fan may change as the oven heats up – this is perfectly normal.

Grill not cooking properly

Are you using the pan and trivet supplied with the cooker? Is the pan being used on the runners, not the floor of the compartment? Is the grill tray pushed back fully to the 'back stop' position?

The knobs get hot when I use the oven or grill. Can I avoid this?

Yes, this is caused by heat rising from the oven or the grill, and heating them up. Do not leave the oven door open. Make sure that the grill pan is pushed right back to the 'back stop' when grilling.

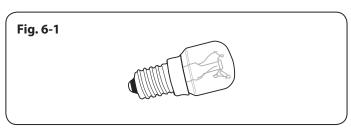
Always grill with the grill compartment door open.

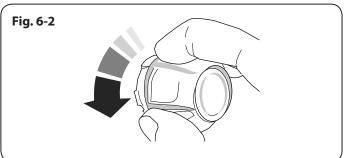
If there is an installation problem and I don't get my original installer to come back to fix it, who pays?

You do. Service organisations will charge for their callouts if they are correcting work carried out by your original installer. Therefore, it's in your own interest to keep track of this installer so that you can contact them as required.

Power failure

In the event of a failure in the electrical supply, remember to reset the clock so that the timed oven continues to operate.





Food is cooking too slowly, too quickly, or burning

Cooking times may differ from your previous oven. Check that you are using the recommended temperatures and shelf positions – see the oven cooking guide. Then adjust the settings according to your own individual tastes.

The oven is not cooking evenly

Do not use a baking tray with dimensions larger than those specified in the section on 'General Oven Tips'.

If you are cooking a large item, be prepared to turn it round during cooking.

If two shelves are used, check that space has been left for the heat to circulate. When a baking tray is put into the oven, make sure that it is placed centrally on the shelf.

Check that the door seal is not damaged and that the door catch is adjusted so that the door is held firmly against the seal.

A dish of water when placed on the shelf should be the same depth all over. (For example, if it is deeper at the back, then the back of the cooker should be raised up or the front lowered.) If the cooker is not level, arrange for your supplier to level it for you.

The timed oven is not coming on when turned on manually

Is the power on? Is the clock illuminated? If not, there may be something wrong with the power supply. Is the cooker supply on at the isolator switch?

Has the time of day been set?

Is the key symbol [?] showing in the display to signify that the oven is locked? See the 'Clock' section of the instructions for more information on the key lock feature.

The timed oven is not coming on when automatic cooking

Has the oven knob been left in the OFF position by mistake? Is the oven locked (see above)?

Oven temperature getting hotter as the cooker gets older

If turning the temperature down using the oven control knob has not worked, or has only worked for a short time, then you may need a new thermostat. This should be fitted by a service person.

The oven light is not working

The bulb has probably blown. You can buy a replacement bulb (which is not covered under the guarantee) from most electrical stores. Ask for an Edison screw fitting 15W 230V lamp, FOR OVENS (**Fig.6-1**). It must be a special bulb, heat resistant to 300 °C.

Before removing the existing bulb, turn off the power supply and make sure that the oven is cool. Open the oven door and remove the oven shelves.

Locate the bulb cover and unscrew it by turning it counter-clockwise – it may be very stiff (Fig.6-2).

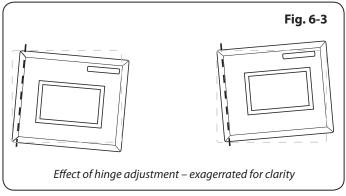
Taking care to protect your fingers with a glove in case the bulb should shatter, unscrew the old bulb.

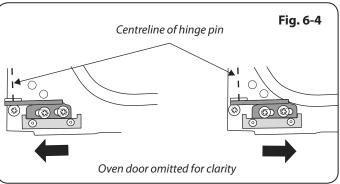
Screw in the new bulb clockwise and then screw the bulb cover back on. Turn on the electricity supply and check that the bulb now lights.

The oven door is misaligned

The bottom hinge of the left hand oven door can be adjusted to alter its angle (Fig.6-3). Loosen the bottom hinge fixing screws and use the notch and a flat bladed screwdriver to move the position of the hinge to set the hinge position (Fig.6-4).

Retighten the hinge screws.





7. Installation

Dear Installer

Before you start your installation, please complete the details below, so that, if your customer has a problem relating to your installation, they will be able to contact you easily.

Installer's Name
Installer's Company
installer's Company
Installer's Telephone Number
Appliance Serial Number

Safety Requirements and Regulations

A

This cooker must be installed in accordance with the relevant instructions in this booklet, with the relevant national and local regulations, and with the local gas and electricity supply companies' requirements.



The appliance must be installed in accordance with the regulations in force and only in a well ventilated space.



Read the instructions before installing or using this appliance.



This appliance is designed for domestic cooking only. Use for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim.

Provision of Ventilation

This appliance is not connected to a combustion products evacuation device. Particular attention shall be given to the relevant requirements regarding ventilation.

All rooms require a window that can be opened, or equivalent, while some rooms require a permanent vent in addition to the window.

Location of Cooker

The cooker may be installed in a kitchen/kitchen diner but NOT in a room containing a bath or shower.

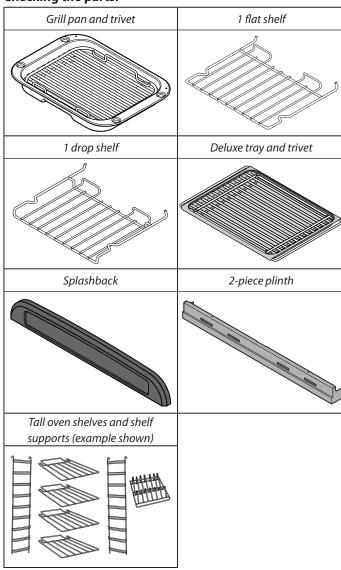
You will need the following equipment to complete the cooker installation satisfactorily:

Multimeter: For electrical checks.

You will also need the following tools:

- 1. Steel tape measure
- 2. Cross head screwdriver
- 3. Flat head screwdriver
- **4.** Spirit level
- 5. Pencil
- **6.** Adjustable spanner
- 7. 13 mm spanner or socket wrench

Checking the parts:



Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

410 mm min

Positioning the Cooker

Fig. 7-1 and **Fig. 7-2** show the minimum recommended distance from the cooker to nearby surfaces.

The cooker should not be placed on a base.

The hotplate surround should be level with, or above, any adjacent work surface. A gap of 75 mm should be left between each side of the cooker **ABOVE** the hotplate level and any adjacent vertical surface.

For non-combustible surfaces (such as unpainted metal or ceramic tiles), this can be reduced to 25 mm.

A minimum space of 650 mm is required between the top of the hob and a horizontal combustible surface.

*Any cookerhood should be installed in accordance with the hood manufacturer's instructions.

**Any splashback must be fitted in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. Allowance should be made for the additional height of the flue trim, which is fitted to the cooker hob.

Surfaces of furniture and walls at the sides and rear of the appliance should be heat, splash and steam resistant. Certain types of vinyl or laminate kitchen furniture are particularly prone to heat damage and discolouration. We cannot accept responsibility for damage caused by normal use of the cooker to any material that de-laminates or discolours at temperatures less than 65 °C above room temperature.

We recommend a gap of 910 mm between units to allow for moving the cooker. Do not box the cooker in – it must be possible to move the cooker in and out for cleaning and servicing.

If the cooker is near a corner of the kitchen, a clearance of 130 mm is required to allow the oven doors to open (**Fig. 7-3**). The actual opening of the doors is slightly less, but this allows for some protection of your hand as you open the door.

Moving the Cooker

A

On no account try and move the cooker while it is plugged into the electricity supply.



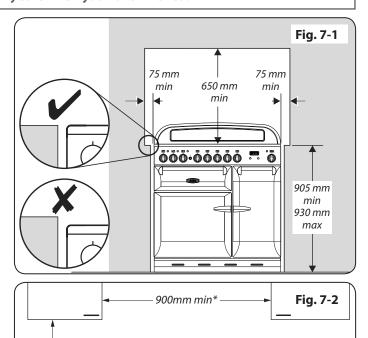
The cooker is very heavy, so take great care.

We recommend that two people manoeuvre the cooker. Make sure that the floor covering is firmly fixed, or removed, to prevent it being disturbed when moving the cooker around.

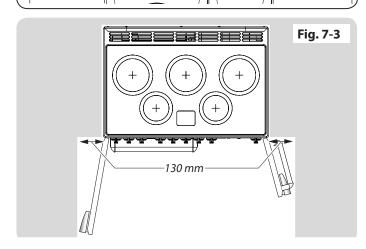
To help you, there are two levelling rollers at the back, and two screw-down levelling feet at the front.

Remove the polystyrene base pack. From the front, tilt the cooker backwards and remove the front half of the polystyrene base (Fig. 7-4).

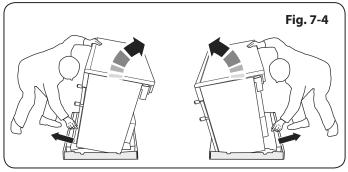
Repeat from the back and remove the rear half of the polystyrene base.



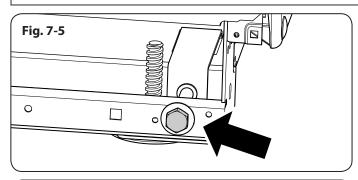
5mm



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Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.





Lowering the Two Rear Rollers

To adjust the height of the rear of the cooker, first fit a 13 mm spanner or socket wrench onto the hexagonal adjusting nut (Fig. 7-5). Rotate the nut – clockwise to raise – counterclockwise to lower.

Make 10 complete (360°) turns clockwise.

Make sure you lower BOTH REAR ROLLERS.

Completing the Move

Unfold the rear edge of the cardboard base tray. Open the oven doors so that you can get a good grip on the bottom of the fascia panel as you move the oven (Fig. 7-6).

Carefully push the cooker backwards off the base tray. Remove the base tray.

Position the cooker close to its final position, leaving just enough space to get behind it.



DO NOT use the door handles or control knobs to manoeuvre the cooker.

Repositioning the Cooker Following Connection

If you need to move the cooker once it has been connected, make sure it is switched off at the supply switch before gripping under the fascia panel and lifting the front of the cooker slightly (**Fig. 7-6**). Check behind the cooker to make sure that the electricity cable is not caught. As you progress, always make sure that the cable has sufficient slack to allow the cooker to move.

When you replace the cooker, check behind it again once more to make sure that the electricity cable is not caught or trapped.

Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

Fitting the Handles

The handles for the grill door and tall oven will require fitting as follows:

Open the door. To keep the door open, either place a suitable weight on it (grill door only) or have someone hold it.

Fit the handle threaded bolts through the front of the door (Fig. 7-7). With the handle in place, fit the nut locating pegs into the handle threaded bolts (Fig. 7-8).

Slide the retaining nuts over the pegs (Fig. 7-9) and, using the spanner supplied, secure in place.

Remove the locating pegs and refit the grommets.

Repeat for the other door.

Carefully fit the rubber grommets supplied (Fig. 7-10).

Levelling

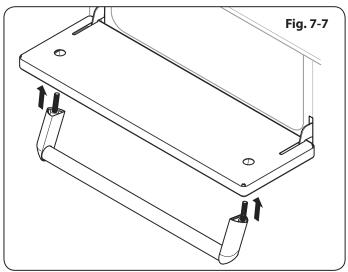
You are recommended to use a spirit level on a shelf in one of the ovens to check for level.

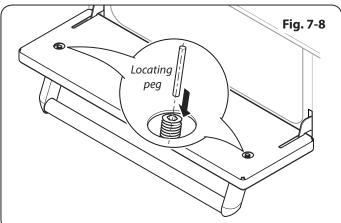
Place the cooker in its intended position, taking care not to twist it within the gap between the kitchen units as damage may occur to the cooker or the units.

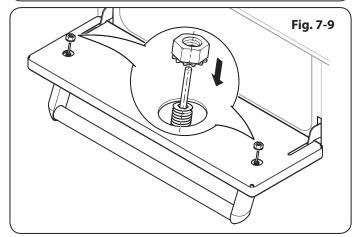
The front feet and rear rollers can be adjusted to level the

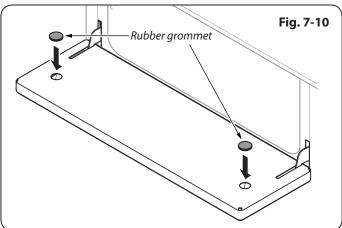
To adjust the height of the rear of the cooker use a 13 mm spanner or socket wrench to turn the adjusting nuts at the front bottom corners of the cooker.

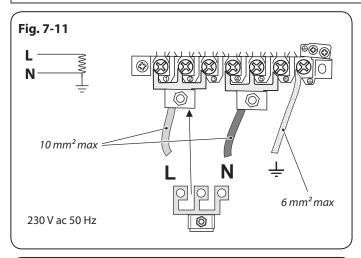
To set the front, turn the feet bases to raise or lower.

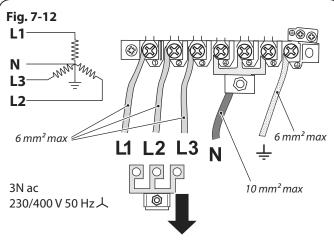












Electrical Connection

The cooker must be installed by a qualified electrician, in accordance with all relevant British Standards/Codes of Practice (in particular BS 7671), or with the relevant national and local regulations.

Current Operated Earth Leakage Breakers

The combined use of your cooker and other domestic appliances may cause nuisance tripping, so we recommend that the cooker is protected on an individual RCD (Residual Current Device) or RCBO (Residual Current Breaker with Overload).

IF IN DOUBT, PLEASE CONSULT A SUITABLY QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.

Λ

WARNING: THE APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

Note: The cooker must be connected to the correct electrical supply as stated on the voltage label on the cooker, through a suitable cooker control unit incorporating a double-pole switch, having a contact separation of at least 3 mm in all poles.



The cooker MUST NOT be connected to an ordinary domestic power point.

Access to the mains terminal is gained by removing the electrical terminal cover box on the back panel. Connect the mains cable to the correct terminals for your electrical supply type (**Fig. 7-11** and **Fig. 7-12**). Check that the links are correctly fitted and that the terminal screws are tight.

Secure the mains cable using the cable clamp.

Final Checks

Hob Check

Check each cooking zone in turn. Be sure to use pans of the correct size and material.

Grill Check

Turn on the grill control and check that the grill heats up.

Oven Check

Set the clock as described earlier, and then turn on the ovens. Check the oven fans start to turn and that the ovens heat up.

Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

Final Fitting

Fitting the 2-piece Plinth

Fit the inner plinth to the bottom front of the cooker using the 5 screws provided (3x M5 screws in the lower edge, 2x No.8 screws in the each end) (Fig. 7-13).

Loosen the 2 screws in the front of the inner plinth.

Locate the 2 slotted brackets on the inside of the outer plinth onto the 2 screws (**Fig. 7-14**).

Note: To aid the fitting of the outer plinth, we advise that you open the doors and place the wings of the outer plinth over the side panels at approximately a 45° angle (**Fig. 7-15**). This will aid location of the outer plinth onto the retaining screws.

Using a suitable screwdriver through the slots in the outer plinth, tighten the 2 screws to secure.

The height of the outer plinth can be adjusted by loosening the 2 retaining screws and sliding it up or down to suit and then retightening the screws.

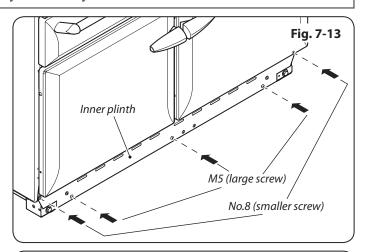
Fitting the Splashback

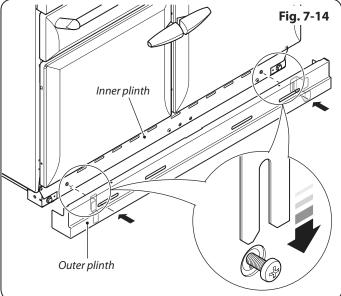
Position the splashback on the rear of the hotplate and secure with the screws supplied.

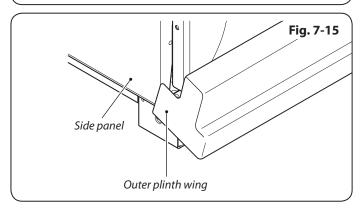
Customer Care

Installer: Please complete your details in this guide, inform the user how to operate the cooker and hand over the instructions.

Thank you.

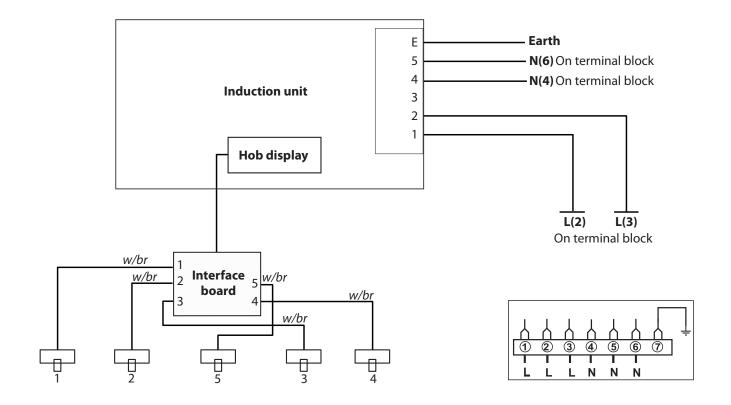






8. Circuit Diagrams

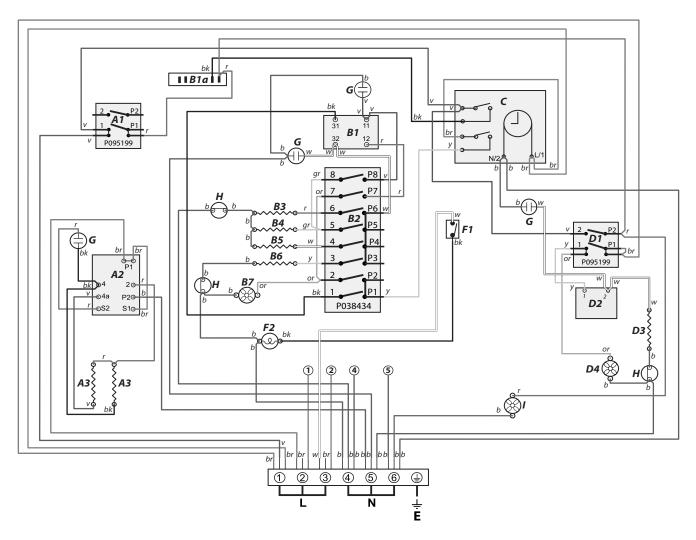
Circuit Diagram: Hob



Code	Description
1	Left-hand front element
2	Left-hand back element
3	Right-hand back element
4	Right-hand front element
5	Centre element

Code	Colour
w/br	White or brown

Circuit Diagram: Oven



Key

The connections shown in the circuit diagram are for single-phase. The ratings are for 230 V 50 Hz.

Code Description

Code Description

Code	Description
A1	Grill front switch
A2	Grill energy regulator
А3	Grill elements - LH / RH
B1a	Left hand oven thermostat switch
B1	Left hand oven dual thermostat
B2	Left hand oven multi-function switch
В3	Left hand oven base element
В4	Left hand oven top element (outer)
B5	Left hand oven top element (inner)
В6	Left hand oven fan element
B7	Left hand oven fan

Code	Description
С	Clock / timer
D1	Right hand oven front switch
D2	Right hand oven thermostat
D3	Right hand oven element
D4	Right hand oven fan
F1	Oven light switch
F2	Left hand oven light
G	Indicator neon
Н	Oven thermal preset
1	Cooling fan

Code	Colour
ь	Blue
br	Brown
bk	Black
or	Orange
r	Red
v	Violet
w	White
у	Yellow
g/y	Green/yellow
gr	Grey

9. Technical Data

INSTALLER: Please leave these instructions with the User.

DATA BADGE LOCATION: Cooker back, serial number repeater badge below oven door opening.

COUNTRY OF DESTINATION: GB, IE.

Connections

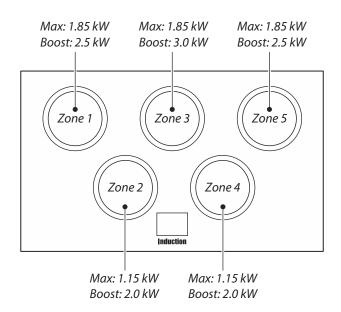
Electric	230/400V 50 Hz
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Dimensions

Overall height	minimum 905 mm	maximum 930 mm
Overall width	900 mm	
Overall depth 604 mm to fascia; 685 mm over handles		85 mm over handles
Minimum space above hotplate	650 mm	

Refer to 'Positioning the Cooker'.

Ratings



Hotplate energy saving tips

Use cookware with a flat base.

Use the correct size cookware.

Use cookware with a lid.

Minimise the amount of liquid or fat.

When liquid starts boiling, reduce the setting.

Consumption is based on G30.

Oven energy saving tips

Cook meals together, if possible.

Keep the pre-heating time short.

Do not lengthen cooking time.

Do not open the oven door during the cooking period.

Do not forget to turn the appliance off at the end of cooking.

Hotplate Efficiency Data

Brand	Stanley
Model Identification	Supreme Deluxe
Size	90
Туре	Induction

Type of Hob	Induction
Number of electric zones	5
Zone 1 - Ø cm	18.5
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	172
Zone 2 - Ø cm	15.5
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	180
Zone 3 - Ø cm	18.5
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	172
Zone 4 - Ø cm	15.5
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	180
Zone 5 - Ø cm	18.5
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	172
Zone 6 - Ø cm	-
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	-
Energy Consumption (ECElectric hob) - Wh/kg (*)	175

^{*}Information marked thus (*) is not required with mixed fuel hobs

Oven Data

Brand		Stanley
Model identification		Supreme Deluxe
Type of oven		Electric
Mass	kg	113
Number of cavities		2
Left-hand Efficiency		
Fuel type		Electric
Cavity type		Multifunction
Power - conventional		2.2
Power - forced air convection		2.5
Volume	Litres	73
Energy consumption (electricity) - conventional	kWh / cycle	1.08
Energy consumption (electricity) - forced air convection	kWh / cycle	0.91
Energy efficiency index - conventional		126.1
Energy efficiency index - forced air convection		106.2
Energy class		A
Right-hand Efficiency		
Fuel type		Electric
Cavity type		Fanned
Power - conventional		-
Power - forced air convection		2.5
Volume	Litres	73
Energy consumption (electricity) - conventional	kWh / cycle	-
Energy consumption (electricity) - forced air convection	kWh / cycle	0.88
Energy efficiency index - conventional		-
Energy efficiency index - forced air convection		102.7
Energy class		A

Additional Information	
The oven complies with EN 60350-1	
Maximum output @ 230V 50Hz	
Conventional	2.2 kW
Multifunction	2.5 kW
Multifunction (with Rapid Response)	3.7 kW
Forced Air Convection	2.5 kW
Grill	2.3 kW
Slow Oven	-
Bread Proving Drawer	-

Maximum total electrical load at 230 V (approximate total including hob, oven lights, oven fan, etc.):	16 kW
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Notes



Supplied by:

Waterford Stanley Ltd Unit 210 IDA Industrial Estate Cork Road Waterford Ireland

Tel: (051) 302300 Fax: (051) 302315

With Waterford Stanley's policy of continuous product improvement, the Company reserves the right to change specifications and make modifications to the appliance described at any time.